DESCRIPTION OF THE UNIFIED WATERSHED ASSESSMENT PROCESS IN GEORGIA

In July, the Chief of Georgia's Water Protection Branch, with the Georgia Environmental Protection Division, and the State Conservationist, of the Natural Resources Conservation Service, convened this process. The Executive Director of the Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission was also asked to assist in leading this effort. The leadership from these three agencies established a Technical Working Team to collaborate in the development Georgia's Unified Watershed Assessment.

Public participation was sought and engaged throughout this process. Feedback received through this interaction has been incorporated into the UWA. Stakeholders representing a variety of interests were identified and invited to a stakeholder meeting on August 6th, at which they were presented general information and guidance on the UWA. They were also asked to provide input on resource data to be utilized and criteria for ranking. A general consensus among participants suggested the following resource data be utilized: documented water quality impairments [305{b}]; documented resource concerns and issues identified at the local level [Local Work Group Proposals]; documented threatened and endangered species data; and protection of drinking source water intakes. The ranking criteria uses a composité index which was developed to evaluate each of these four resource data elements based on magnitude of impairment or need for protection. [Ranking Methodology, Criteria, and Results are attached]. In addition to the ranking criteria, the UWA incorporates a Georgia General Assembly mandate that EPD manage the natural resources of this State using a River Basin approach. This UWA groups each of Georgia's 52 8-digit watersheds into EPD's River Basin Groupings to ensure consistency with future resource data collection and restoration activities under this program.

Based on feedback received during that August 6th meeting, a "Proposed UWA" was developed and made available for a 30-day public review and comment period beginning August 21, 1998 and ending September 21, 1998. The Proposed UWA was distributed via Public Notice 98-17 from the Georgia Environmental Protection Division [EPD]. This public notice was advertised in the Atlanta Journal/Constitution, placed on EPD's Internet Web Page, and mailed to over 870 stakeholders across the State.

Between August 21, 1998 and September 21, 1998 comments were accepted in writing, through email, over the phone, and during personal contacts. Collectively, EPD, the Natural Resources Conservation Service, and the Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission recorded 11 comments. Most comments represented support for, or concurrence with, the Proposed UWA. A couple of comments asked for clarification of the Proposed UWA components, a couple of comments offered suggestions for future UWA iterations, and one comment expressed concern over the lack of terrestrial and plant threatened and endangered species as a resource data element.

Georgia's Unified Watershed Assessment

Methodology

This being the initial attempt to identify priority watersheds across the country, a federal framework describing general approaches, including the stipulation that 8-digit watersheds be used, was provided. However, a detailed methodology for identifying priority watersheds in Georgia had to be developed. The following methodology resulted in 17 of Georgia's 52 watersheds being identified as priorities for restoration:

Resource Data - Four groupings of resource data elements, which Step 1 most affect water quality, were selected:

> Documented Impaired Stream Segment Data¹ Local Work Group [LWG] Proposal Scores² Surface Water Intake Data Threatened and Endangered [T&E] Species Data

- Step 2 Ranking Criteria - A ranking scheme to indicate the influence of the above resource data elements was déveloped. Each resource data element was assigned a maximum number of points based on feedback from interested federal, state, local, and private stakeholders. The cumulative maximum for all resource data elements was 100 points.
- Step 3 Ranking Results - A matrix was developed to determine a composite index, which reflected the relative intensity of all resource data element groupings for each 8-digit watershed.
- Identify Priority Watersheds Priority watersheds were selected in a Step 4 manner that would maintain consistency with Georgia's River Basin Management Plan [RBMP]. Five river basin groupings [attached] allowed 8-digit basins to be assessed with relative equity. The top three watersheds in each basin grouping were selected as priority watersheds.3

Attached material:

- Ranking Criteria Α.
- B. Ranking Results
- C. Georgia River Basin Groupings Map
- **Unified Watershed Assessment Map**

3 - Coosa/Tallapoosa/Tennessee Basins had five priority watersheds because three watersheds had the same composite

index.

^{1 -} Documented water quality impairments as published in the 1994-95 305[b] Report: Water Quality in Georgia 1994-95. 2 - Local Work Group Proposal Scores - Local interagency [public and private] groups annually develop proposals for US Department of Agriculture funding [i.e. EQIP] to address local resource issues and concerns. These proposals are considered as documentation of resource issues and concerns at the grassroots level. A State Technical Committee reviews and evaluates [scores] the proposals annually.

Resource Data Elements Influence

Element	<u>Points</u>
Impaired Streams Segments	31
Local Work Group Proposals	23
Source Water Intakes	23
Threatened & Endangered Species	23

TOTAL 100

100 Points Maximum

Resource Data Element Breakdown

Total Impaired Percent [31 Points Maximum]

0 Miles 0 Points 1-4 Percent 10.33 Points 4-8 Percent 20.66 Points

8+ Percent

31 Points

Comment:

Total Impaired Percent =

The percent of impaired miles in relation to all stream miles in each 8-digit watershed

LWG Proposals [23 Points Maximum]

0 Submitted 0 Points
1-48 Score 7.66 Points
49-62 Score 15.33 Points
62+ Score 23 Points

Comment:

Scores based on review of proposals by NRCS State Technical Committee

Source Water [23 Points Maximum]

0 Intakes 0 Points
1-2 Intakes 7.66 Points
3-5 Intakes 15.33 Points
6+ Intakes 23 Points

Comment:

None

T & E Species [23 Points Maximum]

0 Species 0 Points
1-5 Species 7.66 Points
6-9 Species 15.33 Points
10+ Species 23 Points

Comment:

None

LWG - Local Work Group

T & E - Threatened and Endangered

Georgia's Unified Watershed Assessment Top Category I Watersheds

River Basin Grouping	Watershed	8-Digit Number
Coosa/Tallapoosa/Tennessee Basins	,	· ·
	Conasauga	03150101
	Etowah	03150104
	Tallapoosa	03150108
	Oostanaula	03150103
	Coosawatee	03150102
Chattahoochee/Flint Basins		^^.
	Upper Chattahoochee	
	Upper Flint	03130005
	Upper Middle Chatt.	03130002
Ochlocknee/Satilla/St. Mary's/Suwannee Ba	asins	,,
	Upper Ochlocknee	03120002
	Alapaha	03110202
	Satilla	03070201
Altamaha/Ocmulgee/Oconee Basins		03070101
	Upper Oconee	
	Upper Ocmulgee	03070103
	Ocmulgee	03070104
Ogeechee/Savannah Basins	•	
	Broad River	030601.04
f	Lower Savannah	03060109
	Tugaloo River	03060102

COOSA/TALLAPOOSA/TENNESSEE BASINS

UWA HUC UNIT NO.	WATERSHED	8 DIGIT NO
8	ETOWAH	03150104
11	CONASAUGA	03150101
6	TALLAPOOSA	03150108
9	OOSTANAULA	03150103
10	COOSAWATTEE	03150102
7	CHATTOOGA	03150105
4	CHICKAMAUGA	06020001
3	NOTHIAW.	06020002
5	L. TENN.	06010202
, 2	TOCCOA	06020003
1	FLAT ROCK	06030001

WATER	LWG		T+E	
QUALITY	PROPOSAL	SWP	SPECIES	COMPOSITE
IMPAIRMENTS	SCORE	INTAKES	NO.	INDEX
31.00	15.33	23.00	23.00	92.33
31.00	23.00	15.33	23.00	92.33
31.00	15.33	23.00	15.33	84.66
31.00	23.00	15.33	15.33	84.66
31.00	23.00	15.33	15.33	84.66
20.66	23.00	7.66	15.33	66.65
20.66	23.00	15.33	0.00	58.99
10.33	15.33	7.66	23.00	56.32
20.66	23.00	7.66	0.00	51.32
0.00	15.33	7.66	0.00	22.99
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

CHATTAHOOCHEE/FLINT BASINS

UWA HUC UNIT NO.	WATERSHED	8 DIGIT NO.
22	UPPER CHATT.	03130001
18	UPPER FLINT	03130005
21 .	UP. MID. CHATT.	03130002
14	MUCKALEE	03130007
13	SPRING CREEK	03130010
15	LOWER FLINT	03130008
16	ICHAWAY.	03130009
19	LOWER CHATT.	03130004
20	LOW. MID. CHATT.	03130003
17	MIDDLE FLINT	03130006
12	FLORIDA	03130011

WATER	LWG		T+E	
QUALITY	PROPOSAL	SWP	SPECIES	COMPOSITE
IMPAIRMENTS	SCORE	INTAKES	NO.	INDEX 1
		4.		
31.00	23.00	23.00	0.00	77.00
20.66	7.66	23.00	23.00	74.32
31.00	7.66	23.00	0.00	61.66
20.66	15.33	0.00	23.00	58.99
31.00	23.00	0.00	0.00	54.00
20.66	15.33	0.00	15.33	51.32
10.66	23.00	0.00	15.33	48.99
10.33	23.00	0.00	15.33	48,66
10.33	7.66	7.66	23.00	48.65
20.66	7.86	0.00	0.00	28.32
0.00	23.00	.0.00	0.00	23.00

OCHLOCKNEE/SATILLA/ST. MARY'S/SUWANNEE/ BASINS

UWA HUC		8 DIGIT
UNIT NO.	WATERSHED	NO.
24	UP. OCHLOCK.	03120002
28	ALAPAHA	03110202
34	SATILLA	03070201
30	AUCILLA	03110103
31	ST. MARYS	03070204
27	WITHLACOOCHEE	03110203
23	MID. OCHLOCK.	03120003
32	TURTLE RIVER	03070203
29	SUWANNEE	03110201
26	LITTLE RIVER	03110204
33	LITTLE SATILLA	03070202
25	WARDIS CREEK	03120001

WATER	LWG		्र∓E	
QUALITY	PROPOSAL	SWP	SPECIES	COMPOSITE
IMPAIRMENTS	SCORE	INTAKES .~	, NO.	INDEX
			5	
20.66	15.33	0.00	7.66	43.65
20.66	7.66	0.00	15.33	43.65
10.33	15.33	0.00	7.86	33.32
31.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	31.00
31.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	31.00
20.66	7.86	0.00	0.00	28.32
0.00	23.00	0.00	0.00	23.00
0.00	23.00	0.00	0.00	23.00
10.33	7.86	0.00	0.00	17.99
10.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.33
10.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.33
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

ALTAMAHA/OCMULGEE/OCONEE BASINS

UWA HUC UNIT NO.	WATERSHED	8 DIGIT NO.
41	UPPER OCONEE	03070101
39	UP. OCMULGEE	03070103
- 38	OCMULGEE	03070104
40	OCONEE RIVER	03070102
35	OHOOPEE RIVER	03070107
36	ALTAMAHA	03070106
37	LOW. OCMULGEE	03070105

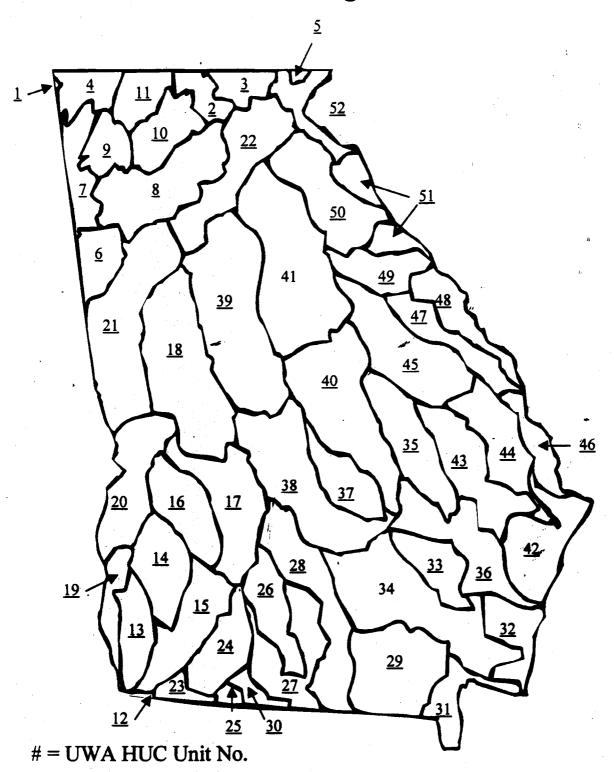
WATER QUALITY IMPAIRMENTS	LWG PROPOSAL SCORE	SWP	T+E SPECIES NO.	COMPOSITE
HAR PARKETERS	OCONE	HTT TELE	110.	
31.00	15.33	23.00	7.33	76.66
31.00	7.66	23.00	7.66	69.32
20.66	15.33	0.00	15.33	51.32
10.33	15.33	7.66	15.33	48.65
10.33	7.68	0.00	23.00	40.99
10.33	7.66	0.00	23.00	40.99
10.33	0.00	0.00	23.00	33.33

OGEECHEE/SAVANNAH BASINS

UWA HUC UNIT NO.	WATERSHED	8 DIGIT NO.
46	LOW. SAVANNAH	03060109
50	BROAD RIVER	03060104
52	TUGALOO RIVER	03060102
48	MID. SAVANNAH	03060106
49	LITTLE RIVER	03060105
45	UP. OGEECHEE	03060201
51	UP. SAVANNAH	03060103
43	CANOOCHEE	03060203
44	LOW. OGEECHEE	03000202
47	BRIER CREEK	03060108
42	NEWPORT R	03060204

WATER QUALITY IMPAIRMENTS	LWG PROPOSAL SCORE	SWP INTAKES	T+E SPECIES NO.	COMPOSITE INDEX
31.00	23.00	7.66	0.00	61.66
31.00	15.33	15.33	0.00	61.66
31.00	15.33	15.33	0.00	61.66
20.66	7.66	15.33	15.33	58.98
10.33	23.00	23.00	0.00	56.33
10.33	15.33	7.66	· 7.66	40.98
10.33	7.66	15.33	0.00	33.32
20.66	7.66	0.00	0.00	28.32
10.33	15.33	0.00	0.00	25.66
10.33	7.86	7.66	0.00	25.65
0.00~	23.00	0.00	0.00	23.00

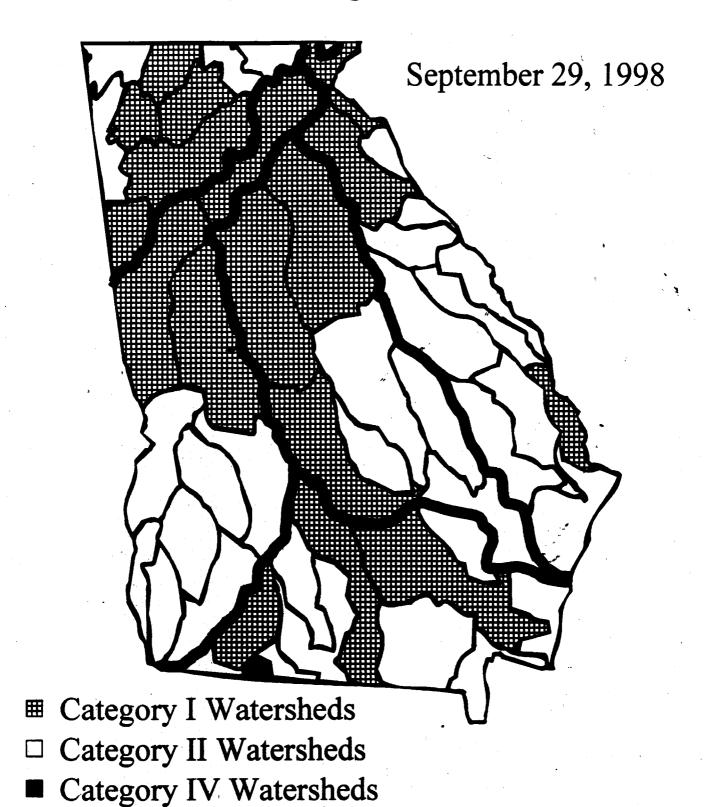
Unified Watershed Assessment 8-Digit HUC Units Georgia



Unified Watershed Assessment Georgia River Basin Management Planning Groupings

Coosa/Tallapoosa/ Tennessee Basins AltamahaOcmulgee/ Oconee Basins Savannah/ Ogeechee Basins Chattahoochee/ Flint Basins Ochlocknee/ Satailla/St. Mary's Suwannee Basins

Unified Watershed Assessment Georgia



Georgia's Unified Watershed Assessment Preliminary Schedule for Restoration Activities

Summary guidance from the US Environmental Protection Agency, and dated June 9, 1998, directs states and tribes to take the lead in developing and implementing restoration watershed restoration action strategies to restore the health of those watersheds in need of attention beginning in Fall 1998. The specific process will be developed at the state level. It may include current priority setting mechanisms like the priority rankings of impaired waters under section 303[d] of the Clean Water Act, the State Technical Committee Established by USDA, source water protection priorities under the Safe Drinking Water Act, national estuary program priorities, and EPD's River Basin Management Program [RBMP] among others. Prior to the development of Georgia's specific watershed restoration activities, the Georgia Environmental Protection Division, the Natural Resources Conservation Service, the Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission, and others will continually encourage projects and activities that will lead to water quality improvements.

The Georgia Environmental Protection Division [EPD] is encouraging units of government with source water intakes to conduct watershed assessments. EPD will also require local governments to develop and implement watershed protection plans for new and reissued withdrawal permits above those drinking water supplies, as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act and Georgia Rules for Environmental Planning Criteria [Chapter 391-3-16.01]. This will promote a number of opportunities for local groups to collaborate for the planning and implementation of restoration activities that ensure safe drinking water. In fact, EPD is directly involved in two pilot projects [Yahoola Creek and Alcovy River] that are bringing together non-traditional partners for this very purpose. Additionally, the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia and the Georgia Municipal Association are coalescing to form the Georgia Water Campaign serving as a forum for information exchange on these natural resource issues. Many of the watershed assessments required by the Safe Drinking Water Act will be conducted over the next two years in the remaining Category I Watersheds.

The Natural Resources Conservation Service [NRCS] and the Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission [GSWCC] will continue to administer USDA programs that provide restoration activities in these watersheds as well. Specifically, Local Work Groups will continue to convene and identify resource concerns and develop proposals for resources that will fund a number of projects designed to improve water quality, reduce soil erosion, and improve fish and wildlife habitats. A significant portion of these resources will be directed into Category I Watersheds prior to EPD's RBMP implementation schedule. Local Work Group proposals are developed annually and submitted for USDA technical, educational, and financial resources; which are administered on an annual basis as well. NRCS and GSWCC are also involved in a number of area wide planning activities that is fostering interagency coordination and cooperation to address natural resource issues that will improve water quality [i.e. TMDL Development, Lake Lanier Water Quality Assessment, Eco-Region Mapping Project, etc.].

Georgia's UWA is not just an EPD and NRCS/GSWCC process. This UWA also serves as a basis for other natural resource management agencies and interest groups across the state to come together and leverage their resources to affect changes that will improve water quality. The US Fish and Wildlife Service, Georgia Wildlife Resources Division, US Environmental Protection Agency, Partners in Flight, Georgia Conservation Tillage Alliance, Upper Chattahoochee River Keepers, Association of County Commissioners of Georgia, Georgia Municipal Association, and others have all participated in this process. They have the capability of jointly developing projects that can result in water quality improvements in Category I Watersheds.